



# PNDA.io: when BGP meets Big-Data

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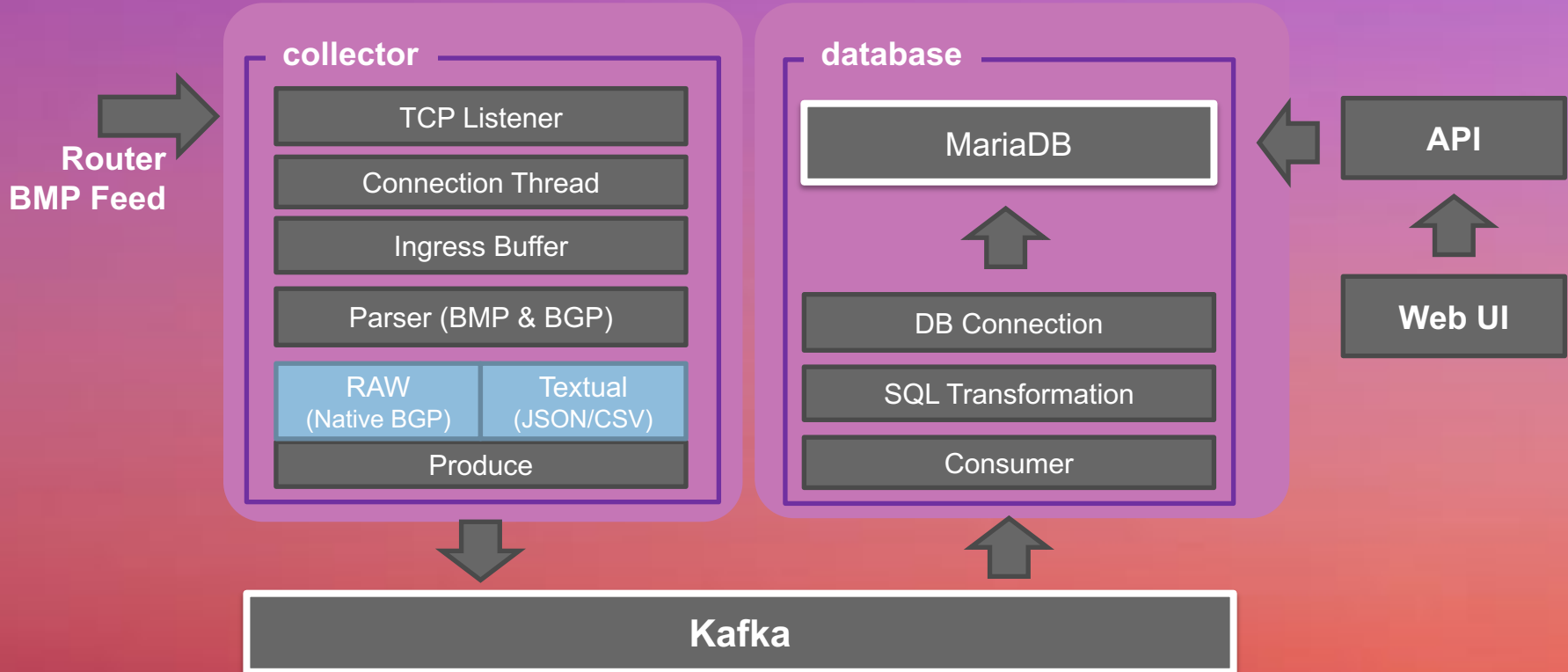
26<sup>th</sup> April 2017

Let's go back in time...

# The Internet is very much 'alive'

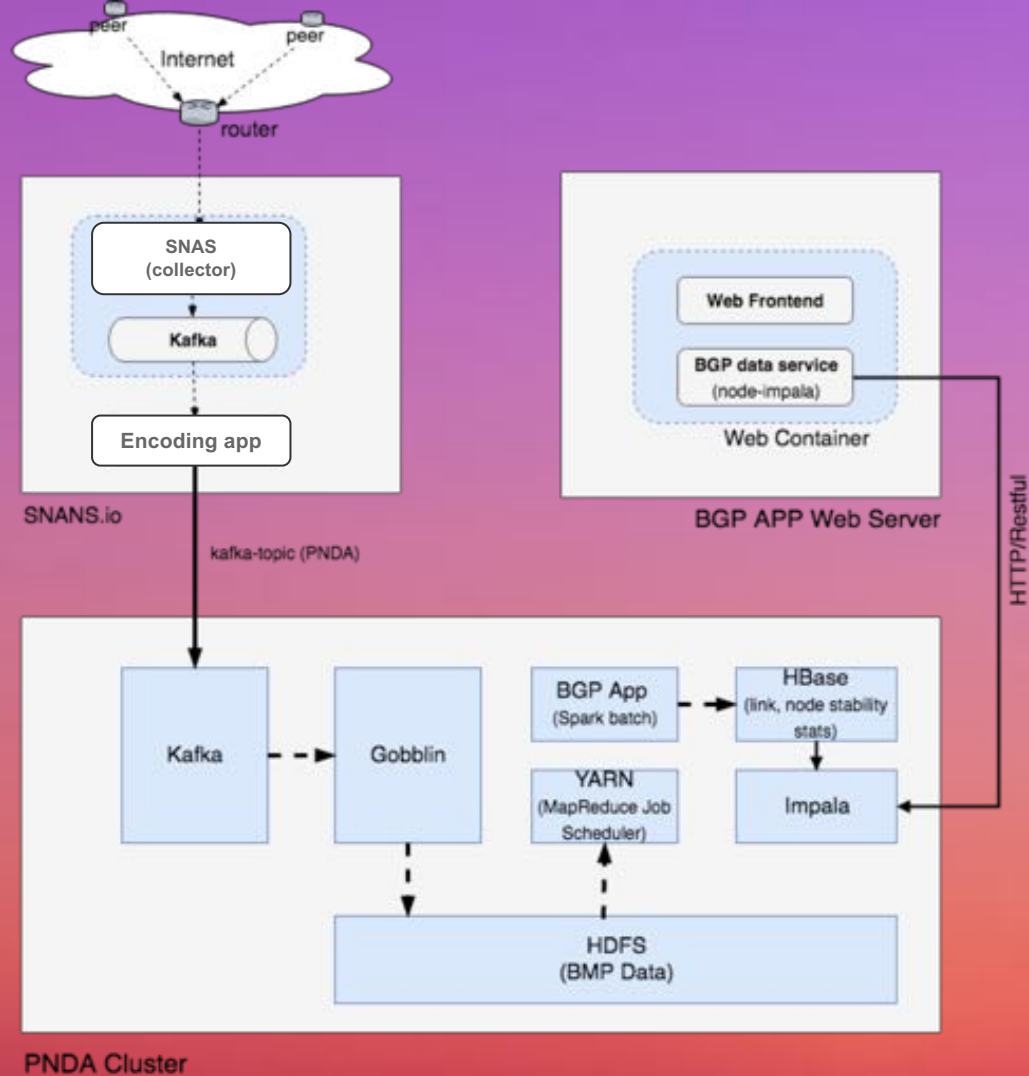
- Millions of BGP events occurring every day
  - 15 Routers Monitored
  - 410 active peers (both IPv4 and IPv6)
  - ~120,000,000 Prefixes Advertised
  - ~950,000 events per day from a single transit peer
  - ~202,000,000 changes per day
  - ~6,000,000,000 changes per month
- How do we extract 'signal' from 'noise'?
- Can we apply techniques from other domains in this pursuit?

# SNAS Architecture



# E2E architecture

- Encoding app required to perform 'avro' encoding of BMP data
- BGP App runs as a Spark batch job, running periodically
- Can be converted to a Spark 'streaming' application for near-real-time processing



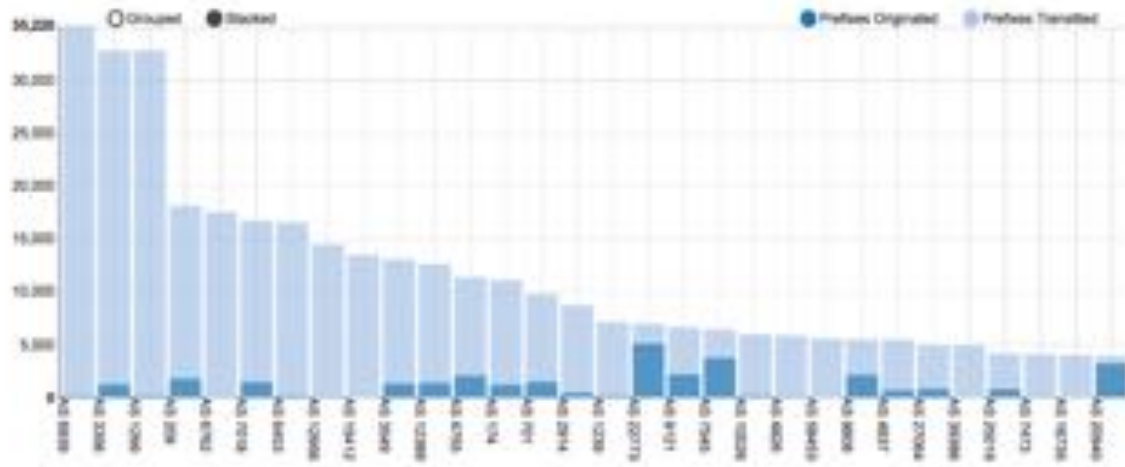
# What does this give us?

SNAS.io gives us the ability to record the dynamics of the Internet  
PNDA platform enables -

- 'Raw' event recording capability, with horizontal scaling (HDFS)
- Run analysis over very large data-sets with parallelism
- Ask questions of the aggregate data about the Internet
- Ask specific question
  - Per-prefix
  - Per-AS
  - Per AS-Path

# Top-N analysis

PREFIXES ORIGINATED AND TRANSITTED PER AS



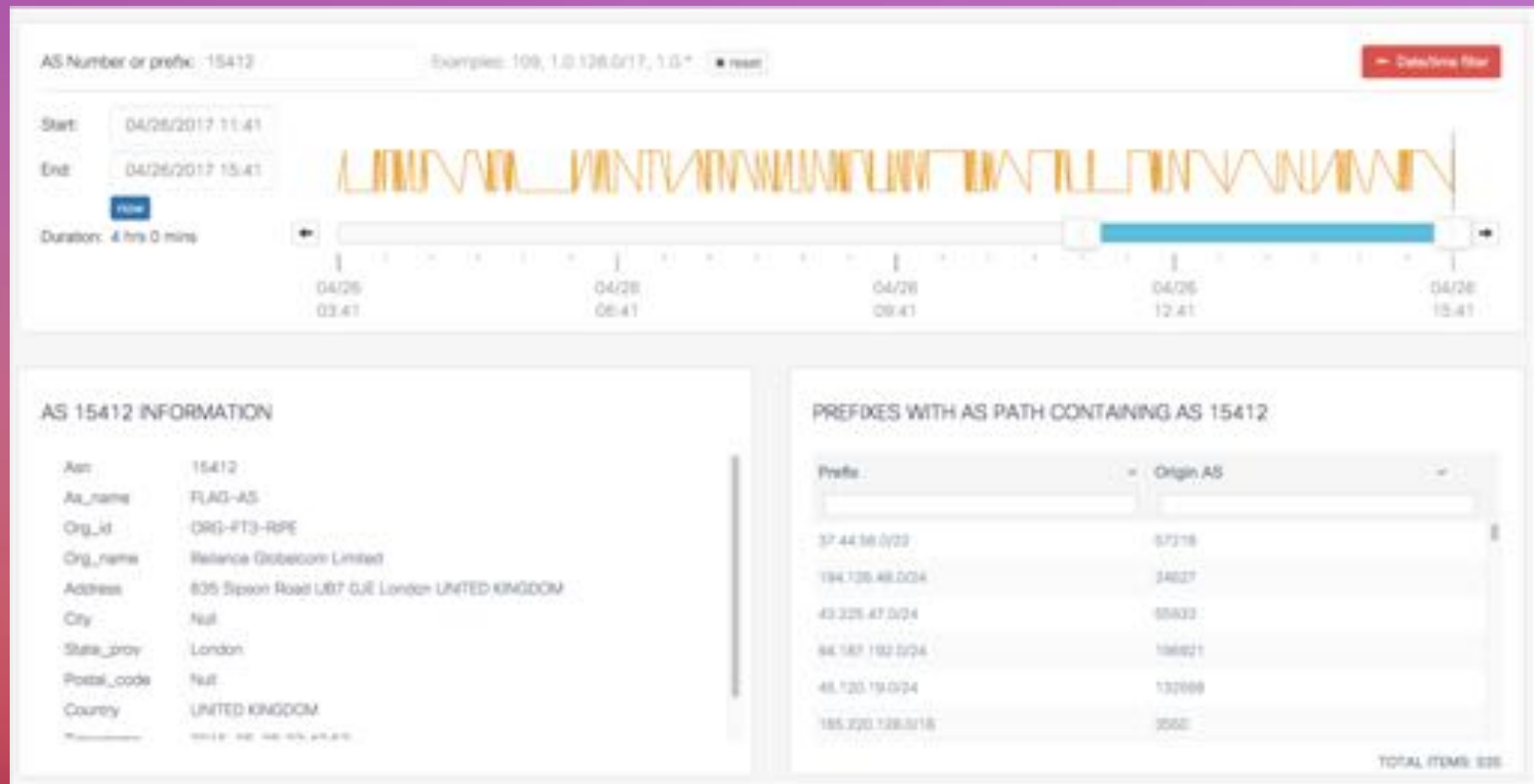
CONTROLS

Results 0 to 30

ASN	Origins	Routes	Change c...
AS16509	181	35230	35230
AS13335	1297	33876	35173
AS13335	203	32874	32671
AS13335	1789	18188	16399
AS13335	77	17671	16603
AS13335	1600	16794	14794
AS13335	270	16588	17054
AS13335	93	14536	14947
AS13335	11	13518	13968
AS13335	1364	13121	13812

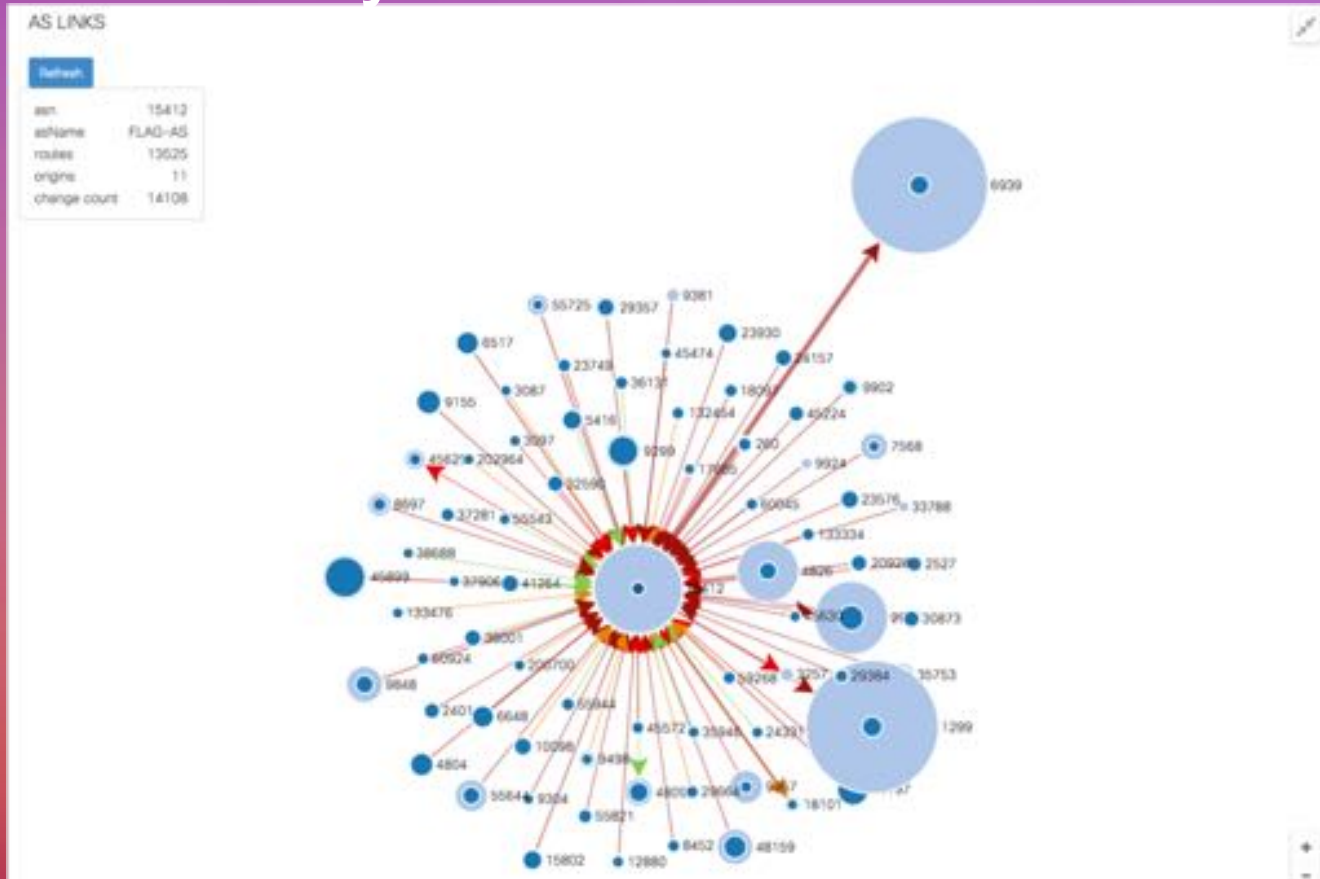
TOTAL ITEMS: 30

# Path stability

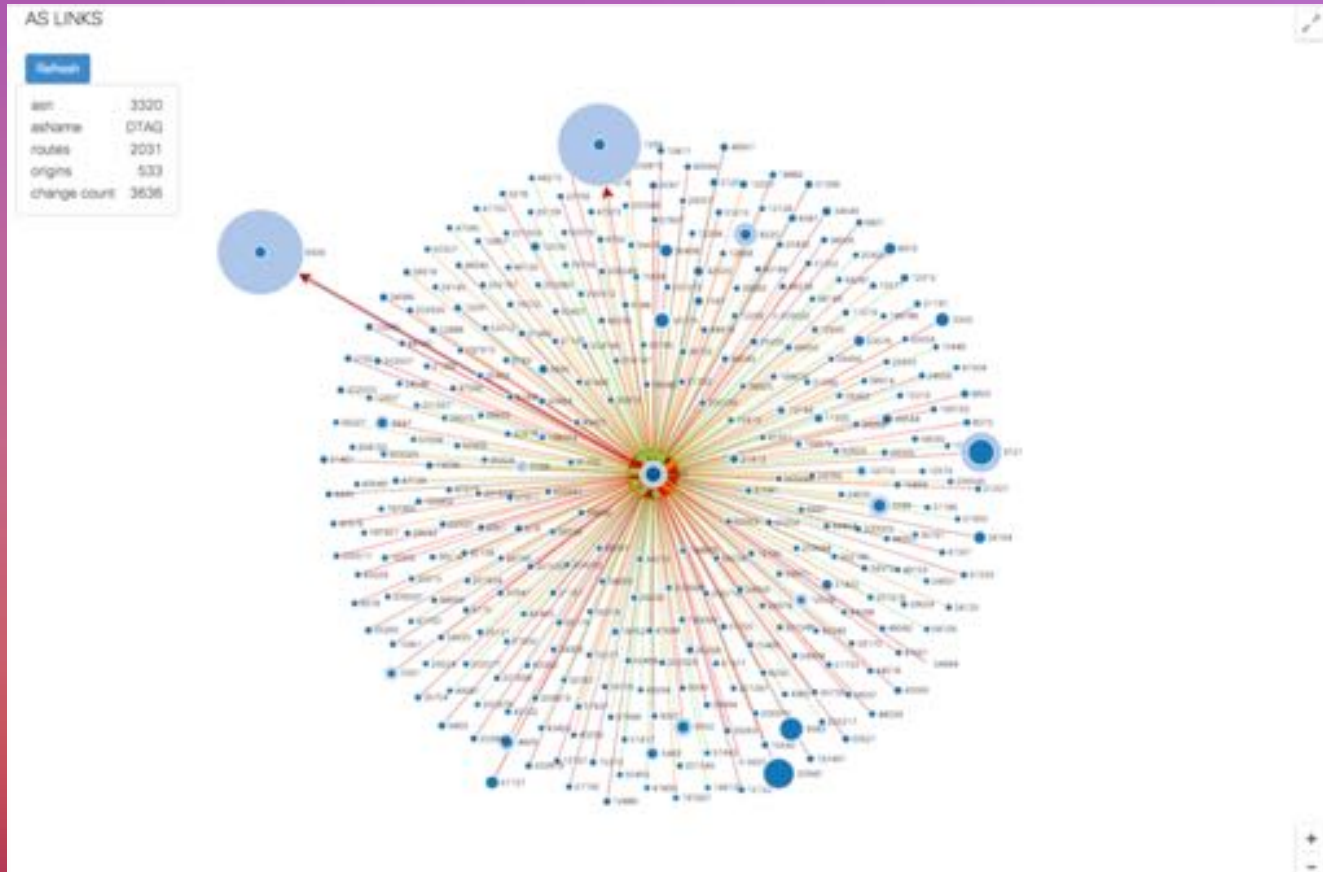




# AS Connectivity - FLAG



# AS Connectivity – Deutsche Telekom



# AS Path variance – 6939 to 8386

Shortest path – 4 hops

Longest path – 29 hops

Longest unique AS path – 6

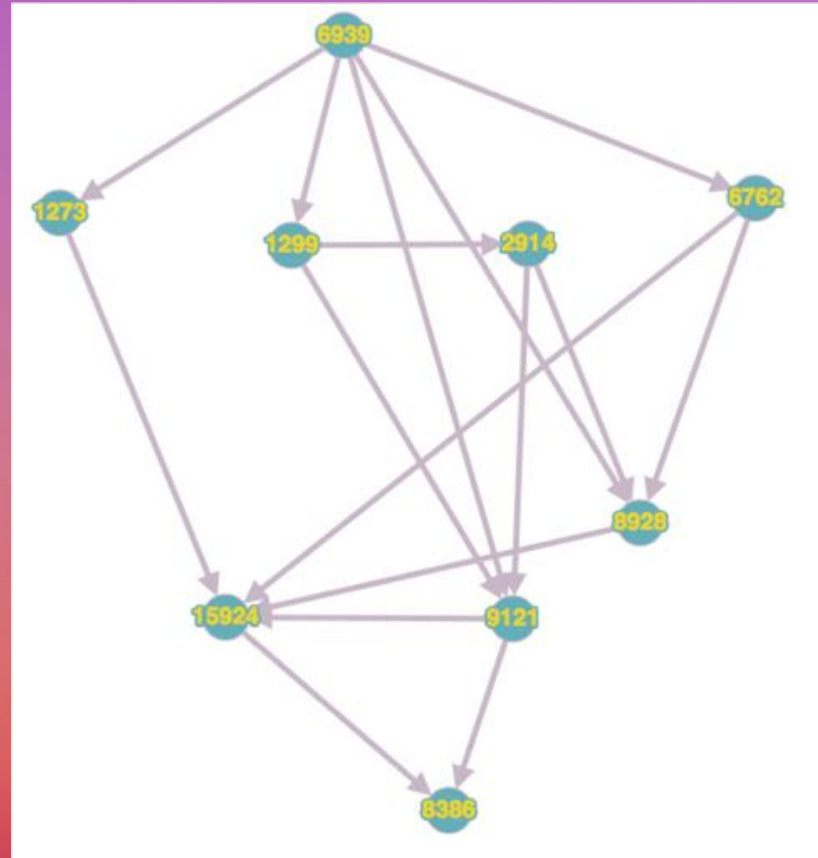
Unique paths - 9

Largest prepend count – 17

Prepend variation – [7-17]

Path with most updates – via AS1273

Data recorded in a 24hr period



# AS Path variance – 6939 to 8386

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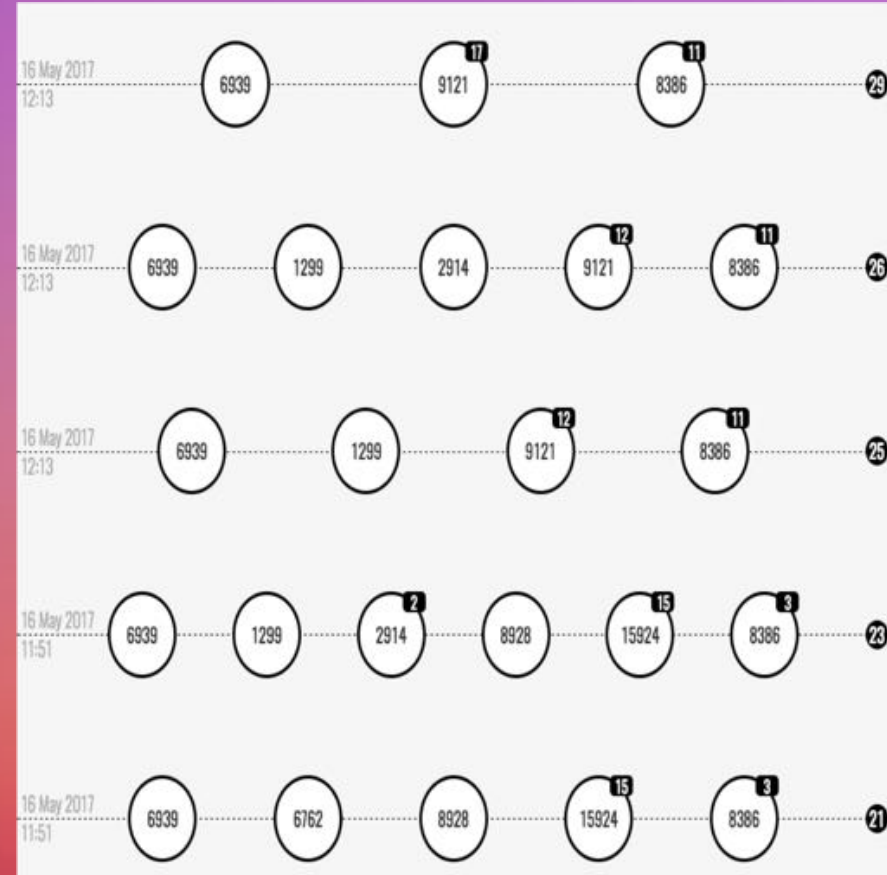
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Prepend variation – [7-17]

Path with most updates – via AS1273

Data recorded in a 24hr period



# Security – Unallocated prefixes

Download data: [JSON](#) [ground truth](#)

Prefix	Origin AS	Peer AS	AS Path	Advertising Router	Type	Timestamp	Last Seen	SSL n.	Category
202.181.6.0/24	134943	11017	11017 6939 9498 134943	192.133.197.1	IPv4	2017-04-26 13:38:10	2017-04-26 11:16:25	true	unallocated
202.181.6.0/24	134943	8939	8939 3491 9498 134943	192.133.197.1	IPv4	2017-04-26 13:38:10	2017-04-26 11:16:35	true	unallocated
116.186.203.0/24	38521	8939	8939 3491 9892 38521	192.133.197.1	IPv4	2017-04-26 13:38:09	2017-04-26 18:14:40	true	unallocated
202.181.6.0/24	134943	8939	8939 1299 9511 9498 134943	192.133.197.1	IPv4	2017-04-26 13:38:09	2017-04-26 11:16:25	true	unallocated
102.207.81.0/24	83968	11017	11017 6939 3491 9498 98715 83968	192.133.197.1	IPv4	2017-04-26 13:38:09	2017-04-26 18:14:39	true	unallocated
103.247.31.0/24	132122	8939	8939 1299 9511 9498 8730 132122	192.133.197.1	IPv4	2017-04-26 13:38:09	2017-04-26 05:14:54	true	unallocated
102.243.8.0/23	130676	8939	8939 9511 9498 130676	192.133.197.1	IPv4	2017-04-26 13:38:09	2017-04-26 18:14:40	true	unallocated
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

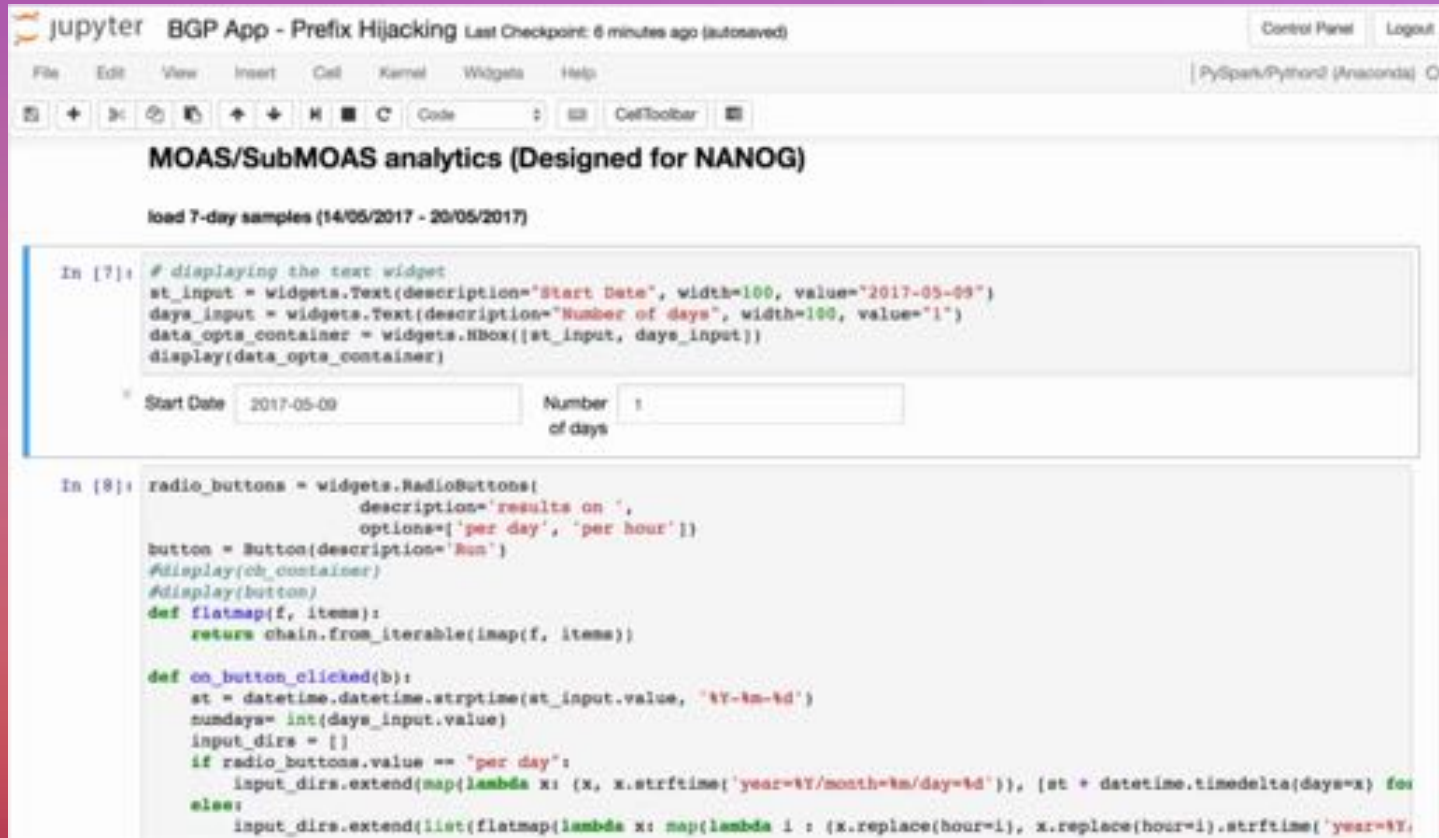
TOTAL ITEMS: 907

Observed over a 12  
hour period

# More specific prefix detection

- AS 12345 originates 100.100.0.0/18
- Hijacker originates 100.100.63.0/24
- Basically a needle in a large haystack, does anyone notice?

# Looking for the needle using Jupyter Notebook



The screenshot shows a Jupyter Notebook window titled "jupyter BGP App - Prefix Hijacking". The notebook content is as follows:

### MOAS/SubMOAS analytics (Designed for NANOG)

load 7-day samples (14/05/2017 - 20/05/2017)

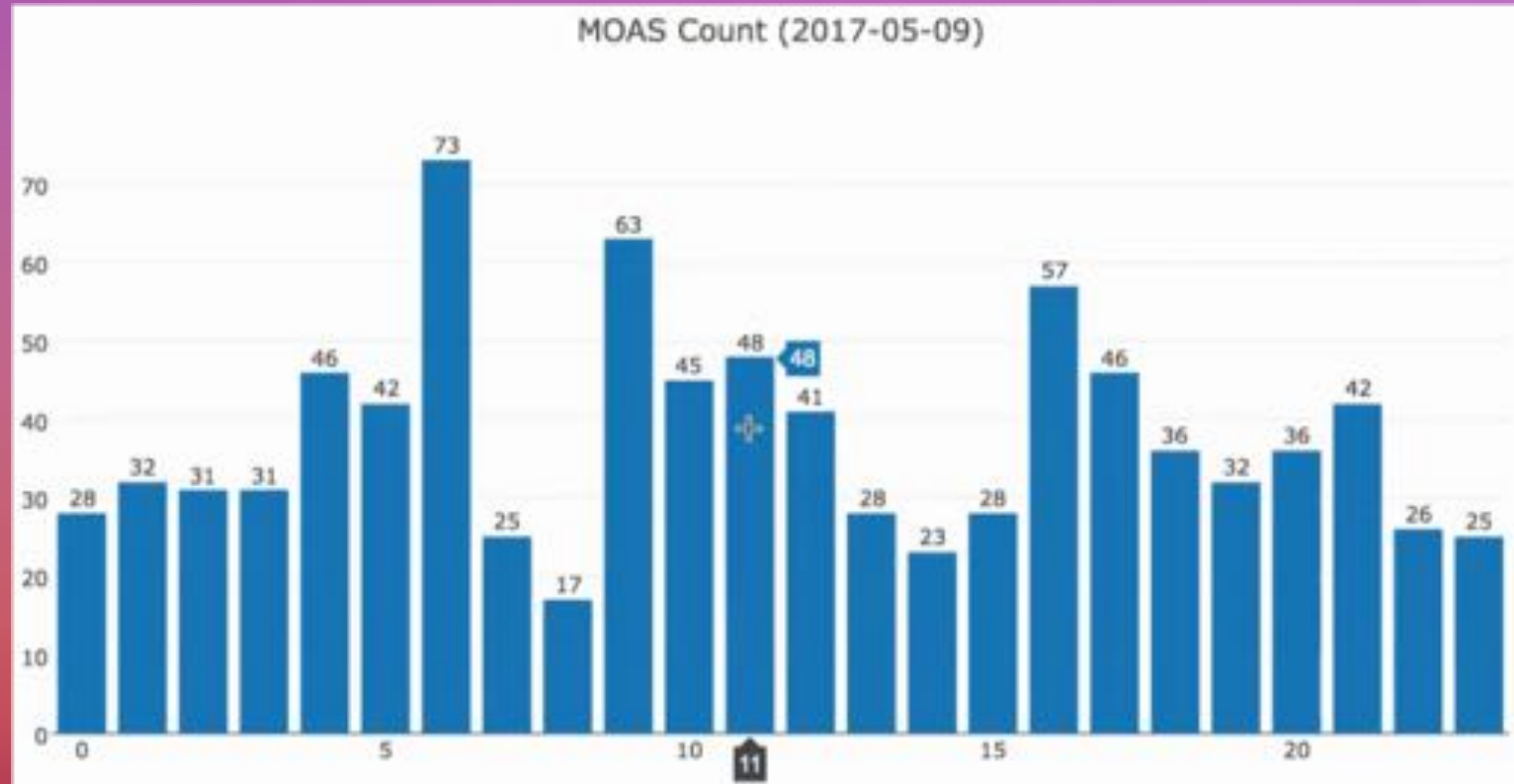
```
In [7]: # displaying the text widget
st_input = widgets.Text(description="Start Date", width=100, value="2017-05-09")
days_input = widgets.Text(description="Number of days", width=100, value="1")
data_opts_container = widgets.HBox([st_input, days_input])
display(data_opts_container)
```

Start Date  Number of days

```
In [8]: radio_buttons = widgets.RadioButtons(
        description='results on ',
        options=['per day', 'per hour'])
button = Button(description='Run')
#display(ch_container)
#display(button)
def flatmap(f, items):
    return chain.from_iterable(isap(f, items))

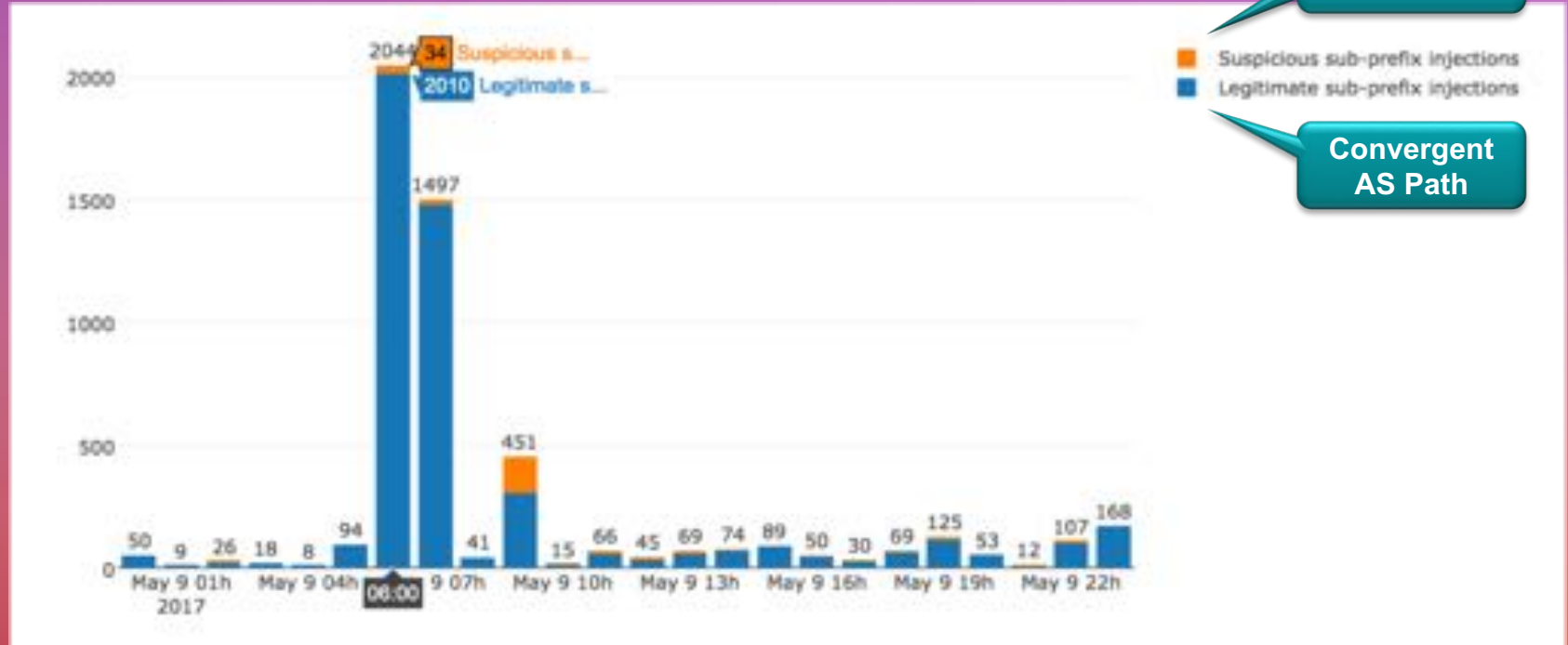
def on_button_clicked(b):
    st = datetime.datetime.strptime(st_input.value, '%Y-%m-%d')
    sundays= int(days_input.value)
    input_dirs = []
    if radio_buttons.value == "per day":
        input_dirs.extend(map(lambda x: (x, x.strftime('year=%Y/month=%m/day=%d')), [st + datetime.timedelta(days=x) for x in range(1, sundays+1)]))
    else:
        input_dirs.extend(list(flatmap(lambda x: map(lambda i: (x.replace(hour=i), x.replace(hour=i)).strftime('year=%Y,
```

# Multi-Origin AS prefixes 'add' detected – 24 hour period



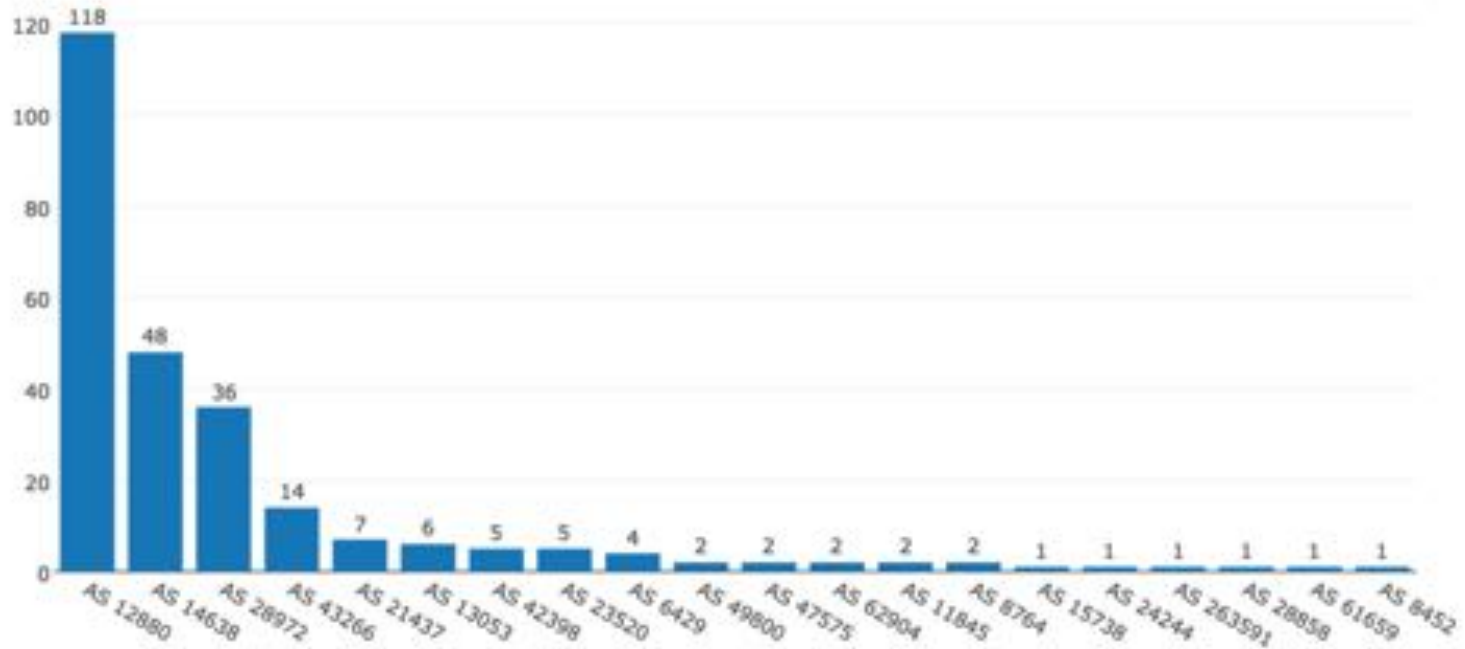


# Sub-prefix injections over a 24 hour period



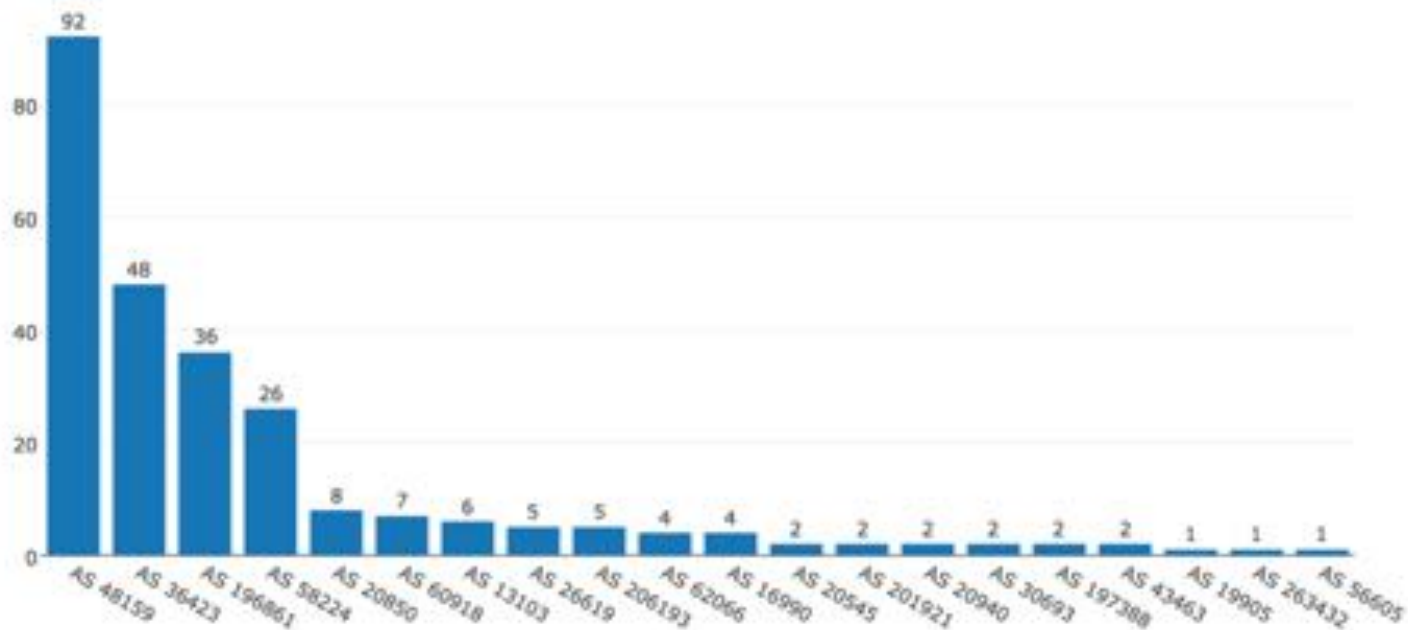
# Sub-prefix injection victims – 24 hour period

Top 20 victim ASes (Start date: 2017-05-09)



# Sub-prefix injection attackers – 24 hour period

Top 20 suspicious attacker ASes (Start date: 2017-05-09)



# Move to real-time analytics





# PNDA.io – the platform

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# What is PNDa?

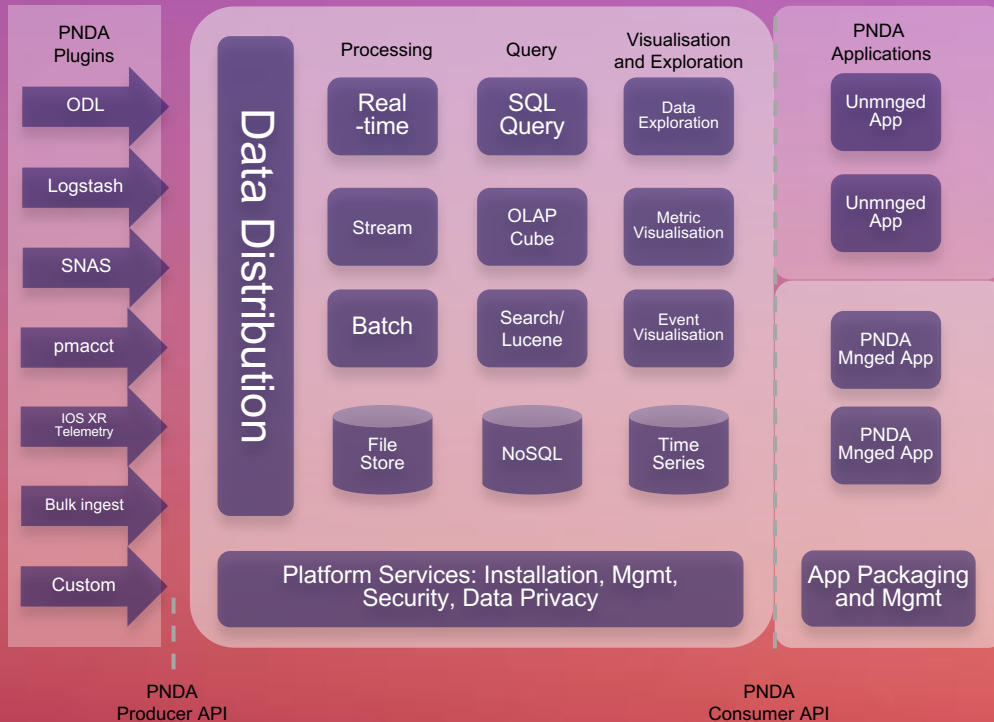
PNDa brings together a number of open source technologies to provide a simple, scalable open big data analytics Platform for Network Data Analytics

Linux Foundation Collaborative Project based on the Apache ecosystem

# Where is PNDA today?

- In service trials with two Service Providers
- One platform supporting a range of use-cases including
  - Network security – Apache Spot
  - 6CN
  - Virtualization infrastructure monitoring and analysis
  - Smart Cities
  - Smart Transportation use-cases

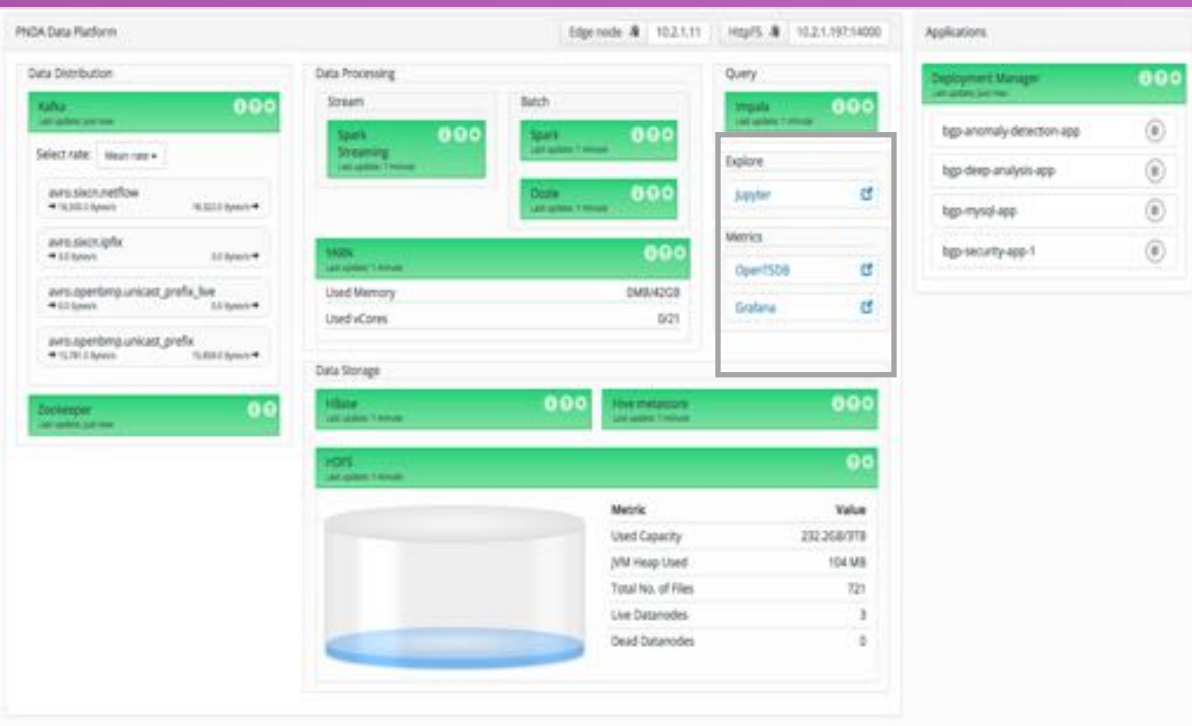
# PNDA



- Horizontally scalable platform for analytics and data processing applications
- Support for near-real-time stream processing and in-depth batch analysis on massive datasets
- Decouples data collection and aggregation from data analysis
- Consuming applications can be either platform apps developed for PNDA or client apps integrated with PNDA
- Client apps can use one of several structured query interfaces or consume streams directly.
- Leverages best current practise in big data analytics



# PNDA



- Simple, scalable open data platform
- Provides a common set of services for developing analytics applications
- Accelerates the process of developing big data analytics applications whilst significantly reducing the TCO
- PNDA provides a platform for convergence of network data analytics

# Red-PNDA



The screenshot displays the PNDATA Data Platform interface. At the top, it shows 'PNDATA Data Platform' and 'Edge node: 192.168.56.104'. The interface is divided into several sections:

- Data Distribution:** Includes Kafka (status: OK), two log localtest entries (raw.log.localtest and avro.log.localtest, both at 0.0 Bytes/s), and Zookeeper (status: OK).
- Data Processing:** Divided into Stream and Batch. Stream includes Spark Streaming (status: OK) and YARN. Batch includes Spark (status: OK) and Oozie (status: OFF).
- Query:** Includes Impala (status: OFF).
- Explore:** Includes Jupyter (status: OFF).
- Metrics:** Includes OpenTSDB (status: OFF) and Grafana (status: OFF).
- Data Storage:** Includes HBase (status: OK), Hive metastore (status: OFF), and HDFS (status: OFF).
- Applications:** Shows 'Deployment Manager' (status: OFF) and 'No application created'.

- A reduced set of components providing a PNDA-like environment for education and basic prototyping
- Miniature PNDA – fits your laptop
  - Lightweight simplified “Big Data” platform

# Potential

What can we do with large-scale collection of historical event information?

- Event impact analysis –
  - Stability
  - Security
  - Misconfiguration
  - Forensics
- Application of ML/DL to data-set
- Pattern-detection and network ‘weather forecasting’

# Where can I learn more?

- [www.pnda.io](http://www.pnda.io)
- <https://github.com/pndaproject>
- <https://github.com/pndaproject/red-pnda>
- [www.snas.io](http://www.snas.io)



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